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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/809,367 03/15/2001		Edward J. Hogan	AP33088-070457.0985	5526
75	7590 07/07/2004		EXAMINER	
BAKER BOTTS L.L.P. 30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA NEW YORK, NY 10112-0228			HEWITT II, CALVIN L	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3621	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/809,367	HOGAN ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Calvin L Hewitt II	3621			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1)[\]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 A</u>	April 2004.				
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) This	s action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
	ion Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachmer	nt(s)					
1) 🛛 Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar				
3) 🗌 Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Pate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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Status of Claims

Claims 1-10 have been examined.

Response to Arguments

 Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-10 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-7, 9, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Walker et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,163,771 in view of Flitcroft et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,636,833.

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As per claims 1-7, 9, and 10, Walker et al. teach a method for conducting a secure transaction by providing users with a list of proxy credit card numbers (column 11, lines 20-25) comprising:

- assigning to a purchaser a first payment account number having a status that changes over time, providing a second payment account number and having an encryption key assigned thereto (figures 7 and 13; column 7, lines 20-26)
- requesting authorization for payment of said transaction with the second number and not the first, identifying said purchaser's first payment number in response to the authorization request and responding to the authorization request based upon the status of the first number, based on a credit balance that changes over time (figures 3B, 9A, and 10-11B; column 7, lines 20-26)
- the response to the authorization request is based on cryptographic code based on said encryption key (figures 6 and 9A-B; column 7, lines 28-51)
- providing a purchaser with a secure payment application which includes a cryptographic key that is unique to the first account number and a second or pseudo account number of the same length as the first (figures 6 and 7; column 6, lines 30-53; column/line 7/27-8/36)

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- providing a purchaser with merchant data and generating a
 message authentication code as a function of merchant data and
 said cryptographic key and providing a merchant with the code and
 the pseudo account number (figure 3B; column 6, lines 15-28;
 column 9, lines 30-36)
- cryptographically processing the pseudo account number to produce the first account number (column/line 8/1-9/9)
- differentiating the pseudo number from the first number by special identifier within the pseudo account number, and by data within a transaction record (figures 7, 8 and 13; column 7, lines 37-51; column 8, lines 9-36)
- cryptographic key is a secret key (abstract)

Walker et al. do not specifically recite verifying that merchant data is correct.

However, it would have been at least obvious to one of ordinary skill for a user or merchant to verify the amount to ensure that the user is being billed properly, and for the user, merchant or credit card issuer to verify the correctness of the merchant ID in order to prevent transaction cancellation based on an incorrect merchant ID. Regarding DES and DESX, Walker et al. implement their system using cryptographic algorithms (column 2, lines 30-34; column 7, lines 3-8).

Hence, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to encrypt the pseudo account number using RSA, DES or its variants such as DSA or DESX. Walker

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et al. do not explicitly recite re-usable pseudo account numbers. Filcroft et al. teach a credit card system for providing users with limited-use card numbers (e.g. single use, reusable) (abstract; column 6, lines 52-64). Specifically, teach a system for creating an encrypted list proxy or second card number from a first (e.g. via mapping, no discernable link for obtaining the first number from the proxy, additional card numbers cannot be predicted from those proxy numbers previously issued) (column 10, lines 8-11; column 11, lines 10-14; column/line 12/10-13/15; column/line 19/65-22/57). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to combine the teachings of Walker et al. ('771, figure 13) and Flitcroft et al. in order to create a more flexible system by allowing users to use proxy card numbers for multiple transactions ('833; column 6, lines 52-64) and obtain additional lists of numbers ('771, figure 13, column 11, lines 20-25; '8.33, column 18, lines 25-44; column 19, lines 10-15)

5. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Walker et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,163,771 and Flitcroft et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,636,833 as applied to 4, and in further view of Lee et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,018,717.

As per claim 8, Walker et al. teach a message authentication code that comprises a digital signature generated by a secure payment application (column 8, lines 9-36). However, Walker et al. do not specifically recite public key

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certificates. Lee et al. teach a method for performing secure transactions using card unique certificates that are associated with a public key of a private/public key pair (column/line 11/15-12/18). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill to combine the teachings of Walker et al. and Lee et al. in order to uniquely associate a transaction message with a user ('717, column/line 10/38-11/13) and to, in the event the private key ('771, abstract) is obtained by a malicious user, to provide protection against fraud by using different keys to encrypt and decrypt a transaction message ('717, column/line 10/38-11/13).

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**.

See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be

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calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Calvin Loyd Hewitt II whose telephone number is (703) 308-8057. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30 AM-5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, James P. Trammell, can be reached at (703) 305-9768.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks c/o Technology Center 2100 Washington, D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 305-7687 (for formal communications intended for entry and after-final communications),

or:

(703) 746-5532 (for informal or draft communications, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT")

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Hand-delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 5, 2451 Crystal Drive, 7th Floor Receptionist.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Calvin Loyd Hewitt II

June 22, 2004

JOHN W. HAYES' RIMARY EXAMINER